IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTANA GREAT FALLS DIVISION

KEITH DOYLE,

CV-17-118-GF-BMM-JTJ

Plaintiff,

V.

TIMOTHY FOX, ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE OF MONTANA; HON. MIKE MCGRATH, CHIEF JUSTICE, THE SUPREME COURT, STATE OF MONTANA, et. al.,

Defendants.

ORDER ADOPTING MAGISTRATE
JUDGE'S FINDINGS AND
RECOMMENDATIONS

Plaintiff Keith Doyle ("Doyle"), a state prisoner appearing pro se, proceeds in forma pauperis under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(1). The Court must conduct a preliminary screening of the allegations set forth in the pleading as required under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). Section 1915(e)(2) requires dismissal of the action if the

allegations fail to state a claim upon which relief could be granted. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(ii).

Judge Johnston entered Findings and Recommendations in this matter on May 2, 2018. (Doc. 9.) Judge Johnston determined that Doyle's allegations in his Complaint proved insufficient to state a claim upon which relief could be granted. *Id.* Judge Johnston further determined that leave to amend the Complaint would be futile. *Id.* No objection has been filed. When a party makes no objections, the Court need not review *de novo* the proposed Findings and Recommendations. *Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149-52 (1986). The Court will review Judge Johnston's Findings and Recommendations, however, for clear error. *McDonnell Douglas Corp. v. Commodore Bus. Machs. Inc.*, 656 F.2d 1309, 1313 (9th Cir. 1981).

Judge Johnston determined that the Supreme Court's decision in *Heck v*. *Humphrey*, 512 U.S. 477, 486-87 (1994), barred the civil rights allegations that Doyle raises in his Complaint. (Doc. 9 at 8.) Doyle contends that he was charged, and subsequently convicted, following irregular and unconstitutional charging practices. (Doc. 9 at 7-8.) The Supreme Court determined in *Heck* that "a § 1983 plaintiff must prove that the conviction or sentence has been reversed on direct appeal" in order to recover damages for allegedly unconstitutional conviction or imprisonment. 512 U.S. at 486-87.

All of Doyle's previous challenges to his accountability to deliberate homicide conviction have been unsuccessful. (Doc. 9 at 4-5.) Doyle's pending civil rights action seeking to undermine his charge and conviction will remain barred, unless and until, his conviction is called into question. *Id.* at 9. Doyle has failed to state a claim upon which relief could be granted.

The Court has reviewed Judge Johnston's Findings and Recommendations for clear error. The Court finds no error, and adopts the Findings and Recommendations in full.

Accordingly, **IT IS ORDERED** that Magistrate Judge Johnston's Findings and Recommendations (Doc. 9) are **ADOPTED IN FULL**.

IT IS ORDERED that the Clerk shall close this matter and enter judgment pursuant to Rule 58 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

IT IS ORDERED that the docket shall reflect that the Court certifies pursuant to Rule 24(a)(3)(A) of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure that any appeal of this decision would not be taken in good faith. The record makes plain that the Complaint is frivolous as it lacks arguable substance in law or fact.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the docket shall reflect that this dismissal counts as a strike pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g) because Doyle failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted and his pleadings present an "obvious bar to securing relief."

DATED this 18th day of June, 2018.

Brian Morris

United States District Court Judge